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Develop Your Data Mindset

Module 4 - Balanced Assessment System and Assessment Calendar

Part 3 - Balanced Assessment System and Assessment Calendar

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Learning Goals

• Increase knowledge of how the Educational Data Use Scope of Study framework may be used to build a balanced assessment calendar

SLDS Data Use Standards

• S.1.B Alignment: Aligns question(s), type of data needed, and measurement tools (e.g., ASSESSMENTS, surveys, etc.) with goals and objectives

Teacher Thought

Now that I understand how to apply the Educational Data Use Scope of Study framework, how can I plan my assessment strategies in order to diversify and personalize instruction?

Awesome question. It is as if you are psychic! I bet you can interpret predictive data. Errr... Anyway, as we build our annual assessment calendar, let's focus on the key details in each of the eight steps.

In each example, the *broad type of disciplined inquiry* will be assessment and/or the evaluation process; the *participants* in the study will be students; the *type of data* will be student learning -- and in some cases -- demographic data.

After we identify the *scope of study elements* for each example, you will see where the example fits into the Great Plains annual assessment calendar.

Here's a template of the **assessment calendar** we will be build. The calendar will summarize the use of assessment data throughout the district. You will be able to use the calendar as guide to implementing a balanced assessment approach with your students during the year. The first column specifies assessments that will be administered throughout the year. The second column specifies students who should complete each assessment. The third column specifies when students will be assessed. The fourth column specifies how teachers and districts could use the results.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- Context:
- Assessment name:
- Question(s):

Ryan Kelly:

Let's practice filling in the calendar based on something with which you are very familiar.

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher planning differentiated instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is each student's performance level?

Ryan Kelly:

For this exercise, the scenario is ta teacher providing differentiated instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year.

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher planning differentiated instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): What is each student's performance level?

Ryan Kelly:

Just given the contextual information above, you can fill in some components of the assessment calendar automatically, without even thinking too much. You already know that the assessment in this scenario is Great Plain's district interim assessment, so let's fill that in. Note that NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, and aimsweb are in parentheses. These are examples of interim assessments that could be administered by districts. Typically, a district would administer only one of these interim assessments during a given test term; however, some districts may choose to administer more than one if they conclude that data from multiple interim assessments during the same test term will help them make better decisions.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)			

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher planning differentiated instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is each student's performance level?

Ryan Kelly:

You also know that the district interim assessment is administered to all students in the district, including all students in your classroom

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12		

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher planning differentiated instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is each student's performance level?

Ryan Kelly:

Now let's walk through something with which you are very familiar in order to complete the rest of the calendar.

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s) Context: Teacher planning differentiated instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb) Question(s): What is each student's performance level?										
	Type(s) of disciplined inquiry									
Assess	ment			Evalu	lation			Res	earch	
				Purpose(s) of	required data					
Forma	tive			Sumn	native			Ot	her	
Participants in the study										
Students			Parents	;	Staff			Other		
	Type(s) of required data									
Student learning	Demo	graphic	Pe	erception	School process Beh			avior	Other	
			Decisio	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods				
Teacher		Ś	School/Dis	trict	State			Other		
				Frequency	of collection					
Ongoing		Periodic			One-time			Other		
	Unit level of analysis									
	Indiv	idual					Gro	oup		
				Focus of the	question(s)					
Performance		Highest / low	est	At / above / be	elow expected Positive / negative trend				Other	

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher planning differentiated instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is each student's performance level?

Ryan Kelly:

So now we can confirm what you have already populated in the calendar, and we can determine:

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include an assessment in the fall, winter, and spring. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the assessment calendar.
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column in the assessment calendar.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	How do teachers use the data?
			Most recent data throughout the year • Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- Context:
- Assessment name:
- Question(s):

Ryan Kelly:

Let's try that again, only with a different scenario.

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher differentiating instruction based on student knowledge relevant to current learning targets at various times throughout the year
- Assessment name: Various classroom formative assessments
- **Question(s):** Which students know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson? Which students do not know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson?

Ryan Kelly:

For this exercise, the scenario is a teacher differentiating instruction based on student knowledge relevant to the current learning targets at various times throughout the year.

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher differentiating instruction based on student knowledge relevant to current learning targets at various times throughout the year
- Assessment name: Various classroom formative assessments
- **Question(s):** Which students know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson? Which students do not know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson?

Ryan Kelly:

As with the first example, given the contextual information above, you can fill in some components of the assessment calendar again, without even thinking too much. You already know that the assessment in this scenario is various classroom formative assessments, so let's fill that in. These assessments could be implemented in a variety of ways from student exit slips to observation rubrics.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	How do teachers use the data?
			Most recent data throughout the year • Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
Formative classroom assessments			

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher differentiating instruction based on student knowledge relevant to current learning targets at various times throughout the year
- Assessment name: Various classroom formative assessments
- **Question(s):** Which students know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson? Which students do not know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson?

Ryan Kelly:

You also know that the formative assessments are administered to students in classrooms.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	How do teachers use the data?
			Most recent data throughout the year • Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12		

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher differentiating instruction based on student knowledge relevant to current learning targets at various times throughout the year
- Assessment name: Various classroom formative assessments
- **Question(s):** Which students know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson? Which students do not know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson?

Ryan Kelly:

Ready to revisit something with which you are familiar in order to complete the rest of the calendar again?

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- Context: Teacher differentiating instruction based on student knowledge relevant to current learning targets at various times throughout the year
- Assessment name: Various classroom formative assessments
- **Question(s):** Which students know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson? Which students do not know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry										
Assessment Evaluation Research								lesearch		
	Purpose(s) of required data									
Formative Summative Other										
Participants in the study										
Students		Pa	arents		Staff			Other		
Type(s) of required data										
Student learning	Demogra	aphic	Perception	School pro	ocess	Beha	avior	Other		
		D	Decision maker of dat	ta collection m	ethods					
Teacher		Scho	ool/District	District State				Other		
			Frequency of	of collection						
Ongoing		Pe	eriodic	iodic One-time		Other		Other		
	Unit level of analysis									
	Individ	ual				Gro	oup			
			Focus of the	question(s)						
Performance	Hi	ighest / lowest	At / above / be	At / above / below expected F		e / negative tr	rend	Other		

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher differentiating instruction based on student knowledge relevant to current learning targets at various times throughout the year
- Assessment name: Various classroom formative assessments
- **Question(s):** Which students know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson? Which students do not know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson?

Ryan Kelly:

So now we can confirm what you have already populated in the calendar, and we can determine:

- ongoing as the frequency of data collection, which will include multiple assessments before or during an instructional unit throughout the year. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the calendar.
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to differentiate instruction for students based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	How do teachers use the data?
			 Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F)

Ryan Kelly:

Look at you! Pretty soon you will be our very own Roger Maris! Let's do a few more of these, and I will let you get back to your planning. Before you know it your students will be here, and you can put all this new data knowledge into practice.

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting universal screening on all students after a beginning-of-year or mid-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Which students may be at risk for poor learning? Which students may need enrichment?

Ryan Kelly:

Third time is a charm! Let's check out this scenario. It is one that I hope we can all implement this year, and a type of assessment we discussed yesterday in the group session. Let's walk through the assessment calendar for Great Plains and discuss how a teacher will plan for conducting universal screening on all students after a beginning of year or mid-year benchmark assessment. Universal screening will help us identify students who may be at risk for poor learning or in need of enrichment, so it is important to get this on our calendar.

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting universal screening on all students after a beginning-of-year or mid-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Which students may be at risk for poor learning? Which students may need enrichment?

Ryan Kelly:

Just like in the first example, you already know that the assessment in this scenario is Great Plain's district interim assessment, so let's fill that in. Note that NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, and aimsweb are in parentheses. These are examples of interim assessments that could be administered by districts. Typically, a district would administer only one of these interim assessments during a given test term; however, some districts may choose to administer more than one if they conclude that data from multiple interim assessments during the same test term will help them make better decisions.

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting universal screening on all students after a beginning-of-year or mid-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Which students may be at risk for poor learning? Which students may need enrichment?

Ryan Kelly:

You also know that the district interim assessment is administered to all students in the district, including all students in your classroom.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	How do teachers use the data?
			Most recent data throughout the year • Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F)

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting universal screening on all students after a beginning-of-year or mid-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Which students may be at risk for poor learning? Which students may need enrichment?

Ryan Kelly:

Ready to revisit something with which you are familiar in order to complete the rest of the calendar again?

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- Context: Teacher conducting universal screening on all students after a beginning of year or mid-year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): Which students may be at risk for poor learning? Which students may need enrichment?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiryAssessmentE EvaluationResearchAssessmentFormativeStateFormativeStateOtherStudentsParentsStateOtherStudent learningDemographicPerceptionStateBehavirOtherStudent learningDemographicPerceptionStateOtherOtherTeacherVPerceptionStateOtherOtherGreacherStatol/DistrictStateOtherOtherOngoingPeriodicOne-timeOtherOtherUnit level to stateOne-timeOtherPerformanceHighest / lowestAt / above / bei we speetedPositive / negative rendOther											
Purpose(s) of required dataFormativeOtherParentsStudentOtherStudentsParentsStaffOtherOtherOtherStudent learningDemographicPerceptionSchool processBehaviorOtherOtherOtherStudent learningDerceptionSchool processBehaviorOtherOtherDecision maker of data collection methodsFrequency of collectionOtherOtherSchool/DistrictStateOtherOtherPeriodicOne-timeOtherOngoingPeriodicOne-timeOtherIndividualPeriodicOne-timeOtherIndividualSchool processStudent iso process <th c<="" th=""><th colspan="10">Type(s) of disciplined inquiry</th></th>	<th colspan="10">Type(s) of disciplined inquiry</th>	Type(s) of disciplined inquiry									
FormativeSummativeOtherParentsStudentStudentsParentsStaffOtherStudent learningDemographicPerceptionSchool processBeharorOtherDecision maker of data collection methodsTeacherOtherOtherStudent learningDemographicPerceptionSchool processBeharorOtherOtherStudent learningDemographicPerceptionStateOtherOtherStateOtherOtherIndividualPeriodicOne-timeOtherOtherIndividualStote of the question(s)	Assessm	Evalu	uation			F	Research				
FormativeSummativeOtherParentsStudentStudentsParentsStaffOtherStudent learningDemographicPerceptionSchool processBeharorOtherDecision maker of data collection methodsTeacherOtherOtherStudent learningDemographicPerceptionSchool processBeharorOtherOtherStudent learningDemographicPerceptionStateOtherOtherStateOtherOtherIndividualPeriodicOne-timeOtherOtherIndividualStote of the question(s)	Purpose(s) of required data										
StudentsParentsStaffOtherType(s) of required dataStudent learningDemographicPerceptionSchool processBehaviorOtherDecision maker of data collection methodsTeacherDecision maker of data collection methodsTeacherSchool/DistrictStateOtherOtherOngoingPeriodicOne-timeOtherOngoingPeriodicOne-timeOtherIndividualPeriodic of analysisFrequency of the question(s)									Other		
Type(s) of required data Student learning Demographic Perception School process Behavior Other Detision maker of data collection methods Teacher Demographic School/District State Other Teacher Periodic One-time Other Other Ongoing Periodic One-time Other Unit level of analysis Individual Frocus of the question(s)	Participants in the study										
Student learning Demographic Perception School process Behavior Other Decision maker of data collection methods Teacher School/District State Other Teacher Teacher School/District State Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Ongoing Periodic One-time Other Other Individual Eroup	Students			Parents			Staff			Other	
Decision maker of data collection methods Teacher School/District State Other Frequency of collection Ongoing Periodic One-time Other One-time Other Individual Group Focus of the question(s)	Type(s) of required data										
Teacher School/District State Other Frequency of collection Ongoing Periodic One-time Other Unit level of analysis Individual Group	Student learning	Demog	graphic Perception			School pro	ocess	Behavior		Other	
Frequency of collection Ongoing Periodic One-time Other Unit level of analysis Other Other Individual Group Focus of the question(s) Other				Decisi	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods				
Ongoing Periodic One-time Other Unit level of analysis Individual Group	Teacher		5	School/Dis	I/District State				Other		
Unit level of analysis Individual Focus of the question(s)					Frequency	of collection					
Individual Group Focus of the question(s)	Ongoing			Periodic	iodic One-time				Other		
Focus of the question(s)					Unit level	of analysis					
		Indiv	idual					Gro	oup		
Performance Highest / lowest At / above / below expected Positive / negative trend Other					Focus of the	e question(s)					
	Performance		Highest / lowest		t At / above / below expected		Positive / negative trend		rend	Other	

Instructions: Let's see the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting universal screening on all students after a beginning-of-year or mid-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Which students may be at risk for poor learning? Which students may need enrichment?

Ryan Kelly:

So now we can confirm what you have already populated in the calendar, and we can determine:

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include an assessment in the fall and winter. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the assessment calendar.
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used for universal screening to identify students who may be at risk for poor learning or need enrichment. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	How do teachers use the data? Fall data • Universal screening (F)
			Winter data Universal screening (F)
			 Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F)

Ryan Kelly:

So you made it through open tryouts. Let's see if you really have what it takes to cut it in the majors! Remember the movie, *Moneyball*? It isn't just about raw talent when you are out there. It is about the data too! Just like in our classrooms, every tool we have in our pocket can help us personalize and improve our own practice. Who knew a calendar was just as important as a bat!

The next scenario may seem like a curveball, but it really isn't. It also relates very much to practice in your actual classroom. Let's do some planning on when and how we can conduct a diagnostic assessment on an at-risk student after the student's at risk status has been confirmed.

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting a diagnostic assessment on an at-risk student after the student's at-risk status has been confirmed
- **Assessment name:** Diagnostic (e.g., Diagnostic Assessment of Reading, Renaissance Star, etc.)
- **Question(s):** Which areas represent a student's strengths and skill deficits?

Ryan Kelly:

The teacher will conduct the diagnostic assessment on students whose risk status has been confirmed to identify strengths and weaknesses.

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting a diagnostic assessment on an at-risk student after the student's at-risk status has been confirmed
- Assessment name: Diagnostic (e.g., Diagnostic Assessment of Reading, Renaissance Star, etc.)
- **Question(s):** Which areas represent a student's strengths and skill deficits?

Ryan Kelly:

Something that is different in this scenario is the students being assessed. Notice that only at risk students are assessed.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	How do teachers use the data? Fall data • Universal screening (F)
			Winter data Universal screening (F)
			 Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12		
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F)

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting a diagnostic assessment on an at-risk student after the student's at-risk status has been confirmed
- Assessment name: Diagnostic (e.g., Diagnostic Assessment of Reading, Renaissance Star, etc.)
- **Question(s):** Which areas represent a student's strengths and skill deficits?

Ryan Kelly:

Ok. Show me what you are made of. Let's do an activity, where you walk through the Types of Disciplined Inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 purposes based on the scenario. In the previous three examples, the answers have been done for you.

- Context: Teacher conducting a diagnostic assessment on an at-risk student after the student's at risk status has been confirmed
- Assessment name: Diagnostic (e.g., Diagnostic Assessment of Reading, Renaissance Star, etc.)
- Question(s): Which areas represent a student's strengths and skill deficits?

				Type(s) of disc	ciplined inquiry	,						
Assess	ment			Eval	uation			R	esearch			
Purpose(s) of required data												
Formative Summative Other												
Participants in the study												
Students			Parents	3		Staff			Other			
	Type(s) of required data											
Student learning Demographic Perception School process Behavior Other												
			Decisio	on maker of da	ita collection m	ethods						
Teacher		S	School/Dis	trict		State			Other			
				Frequency	of collection							
Ongoing			Periodic	c	(One-time			Other			
				Unit level	of analysis							
	Indiv	idual					Gro	oup				
				Focus of the	e question(s)							
Performance		Highest / Iowe	est	At / above / b	elow expected	Positiv	e / negative ti	rend	Other			

- Context: Teacher conducting a diagnostic assessment on an at-risk student after the student's at risk status has been confirmed
- Assessment name: Diagnostic (e.g., Diagnostic Assessment of Reading, Renaissance Star, etc.)
- Question(s): Which areas represent a student's strengths and skill deficits?

			Type(s) of disc	iplined inquiry								
Assessme	Assessment Evaluation						Re	search				
	Purpose(s) of required data											
Formative Other Other												
Participants in the study												
Students Parents Staff Other												
Type(s) of required data												
Student learning	Demographic	Per	rception	School pro	ocess	Beha	avior	Other				
		Decisio	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods							
Teacher		School/Dist	trict		State			Other				
			Frequency of	of collection								
Ongoing		Periodic			One-time			Other				
			Unit level of	of analysis								
	Individual					Gro	pup					
			Focus of the	e question(s)								
Performance	Highest / Ic	west	At / above / be	elow expected	Positiv	e / negative ti	rend	Other				

Ryan Kelly:

Awesome job! My bets are on you. Now, let's finish in the assessment calendar for this scenario

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting a diagnostic assessment on an at-risk student after the student's at-risk status has been confirmed
- Assessment name: Diagnostic (e.g., Diagnostic Assessment of Reading, Renaissance Star, etc.)
- **Question(s):** Which areas represent a student's strengths and skill deficits?

Ryan Kelly:

We still need to add:

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include an assessment after a student's at-risk status has been confirmed. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the assessment calendar.
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column in the assessment calendar.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	How do teachers use the data? Fall data • Universal screening (F)
			Winter data Universal screening (F)
			Most recent data throughout the year • Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F)

Ryan Kelly:

As Charlie Finley says, "Sweat plus sacrifice = success!" Let's do a few more! You are showing promise!

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting weekly progress monitoring on an at-risk student
- Assessment name: General Outcome Measure (e.g., easyCBM, aimsweb, Renaissance Star)
- Question(s): Is a student making adequate progress toward and end-of-year goal?

Ryan Kelly:

In this scenario, the teacher is conducting weekly progress monitoring on an at-risk student.

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting weekly progress monitoring on an at-risk student
- Assessment name: General Outcome Measure (e.g., easyCBM, aimsweb, Renaissance Star)
- **Question(s):** Is a student making adequate progress toward and end-of-year goal?

Ryan Kelly:

This is the first time you have seen the "General Outcome Measure" term: however, you are familiar with vendors who provide General Outcome Measure assessments, such as easyCBM, aimsweb, and Renaissance Star. A General Outcome Measure is a quick assessment with standardized tools and administration protocol that tracks student growth across time relevant to overall competence in the annual curriculum; it answers the question, "Is a student making progress toward an end-of-year goal?"

- **Context:** Teacher conducting weekly progress monitoring on an at-risk student
- Assessment name: General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, aimsweb, Renaissance Star)
- Question(s): Is a student making adequate progress toward an end-of-year goal?

			Type(s) of disc	iplined inquiry							
Assessr	nent		Evalu	uation			Re	esearch			
Purposo(c) of required data											
Purpose(s) of required data											
Formative Summative Other											
Participants in the study											
Students		Pa	arents		Staff			Other			
Type(s) of required data											
Student learning	Demog	raphic	Perception	School pro	ocess	Beha	avior	Other			
		D	ecision maker of da	ta collection m	ethods						
Teacher		Scho	ol/District		State			Other			
			Frequency of	of collection							
Ongoing		Pe	eriodic	C	One-time			Other			
			Unit level of	of analysis							
	Individual Group										
			Focus of the	e question(s)							
Performance	H	Highest / lowest	At / above / be	elow expected	Positiv	e / negative ti	rend	Other			

- **Context:** Teacher conducting weekly progress monitoring on an at-risk student
- Assessment name: General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, aimsweb, Renaissance Star)
- Question(s): Is a student making adequate progress toward an end-of-year goal?

		Тур	pe(s) of disci	plined inquiry							
Assessme	Assessment Evaluation						Re	search			
Purpose(s) of required data											
Formative Summative Other											
	v										
Participants in the study											
Students		Parents			Staff			Other			
Type(s) of required data											
Student learning Demographic Perception School process Behavior								Other			
		Decision I	maker of data	a collection m	ethods						
Teacher		School/District	t		State			Other			
			Frequency of	f collection							
Ongoing		Periodic		C	One-time			Other			
			Unit level o	f analysis							
	Individual					Gro	pup				
		F	Focus of the	question(s)							
Performance	Highest / lo	west A	t / above / bel	low expected	Positive	e / negative tr	end	Other			

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher conducting weekly progress monitoring on an at-risk student
- Assessment name: General Outcome Measure (e.g., easyCBM, aimsweb, Renaissance Star)
- **Question(s):** Is a student making adequate progress toward and end-of-year goal?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we would select...

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include an assessment as often as weekly. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the assessment calendar.
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to establish a baseline, set an end of year goal, and monitor progress toward an end of year goal for an at risk student. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column in the assessment calendar.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	How do teachers use the data? Fall data • Universal screening (F)
			Winter data Universal screening (F)
			Most recent data throughout the year • Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F)

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher setting an end-of-year goal with each student in the classroom after a beginning-of-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): What is a student's beginning-of-year performance level? What is the student's mid-year projected performance level? What is the student's end-of-year projected performance level? Which areas represent the student's highest/lowest levels of performance?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again. Now, let's finish filling in the assessment calendar for this scenario.

- Context: Teacher setting an end of year goal with each student in the classroom after a beginning of year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is a student's beginning of year performance level? What is the student's mid-year projected performance level? What is the student's end of year projected performance level? Which areas represent the student's highest / lowest levels of performance?

	Type(s) of disciplined inquiry											
Assessr	nent			Evalu	ation			F	Research			
Purpose(s) of required data												
Formative Summative Other												
Participants in the study												
Students			Parents	3		Staff			Other			
	Type(s) of required data											
Student learning	Demog	raphic	Pe	erception	School pro	ocess	cess Behavior		Other			
			Decisi	on maker of dat	ta collection m	ethods						
Teacher		S	School/Dis	trict	State				Other			
				Frequency of	of collection			<u></u>				
Ongoing			Periodic	c	C	One-time			Other			
				Unit level o	of analysis			<u> </u>				
	Individual Group											
				Focus of the	question(s)							
Performance		Highest / Iowe	est	At / above / be		Positiv	e / negative ti	rend	Other			

- Context: Teacher setting an end of year goal with each student in the classroom after a beginning of year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is a student's beginning of year performance level? What is the student's mid-year projected performance level? What is the student's end of year projected performance level? Which areas represent the student's highest / lowest levels of performance?

			Ту	ype(s) of disc	iplined inquiry							
Assessm	ent			Evalu	ation			F	Research			
	Purpose(s) of required data											
Formativ	Formative Other Other											
Participants in the study												
Students	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								Other			
	Type(s) of required data											
Student learning	Demogr	aphic	Perc	ception	School pro	rocess Behavior			Other			
			Decision	n maker of dat	ta collection m	ethods						
Teacher		Sc	hool/Distri		State				Other			
				Frequency of	of collection							
Ongoing			Periodic			One-time			Other			
					fanalyzia							
	Individ	Jual		Unit level o			Gro	oup				
				-				•				
				Focus of the								
Performance	Н	lighest / lowes	st	At / above / be	above / below expected Positive / negative trend			rend	Other			

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher setting an end-of-year goal with each student in the classroom after a beginning-of-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is a student's beginning-of-year performance level? What is the student's mid-year projected performance level? What is the student's end-of-year projected performance level? Which areas represent the student's highest/lowest levels of performance?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include the fall iteration of the district's interim assessment. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the assessment calendar.
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to establish a baseline, identify high and low areas of performance, and set an end of year goal with each student. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column in the calendar.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Winter data Universal screening (F)
			 Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F)

Ryan Kelly:

We are getting close to wrapping this session up and you are about to fly solo! Why don't you fill in the rest of the assessment calendar with some scenarios that apply to you? Then you can get back to planning, and I will get out of your hair. Just continue to follow the activity pattern we have been with the 8 steps.

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher monitoring progress toward each student's end-of-year goal after a mid-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is a student's mid-year performance level at, above, or below the projected mid-year level? Which areas represent the student's highest/lowest levels of performance?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again.

- Context: Teacher monitoring progress toward each student's end of year goal after a mid-year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is a student's mid-year performance level at, above, or below the projected mid-year level? Which areas represent the student's highest / lowest levels of performance?

			•	Type(s) of disc	iplined inquiry							
Assess	ment			Evalu	uation			R	esearch			
	Purpose(s) of required data											
Formative Summative Other												
Participants in the study												
Students			Parents			Staff			Other			
Type(s) of required data												
Student learning	Demo	graphic	Pe	rception	School pro	ocess	Beha	avior	Other			
			Decisio	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods						
Teacher		Sc	chool/Dist	trict	State				Other			
				_	.							
				Frequency	of collection							
Ongoing			Periodic	:	(One-time		Other				
				Unit level	of analysis							
	Individual Group											
				Focus of the	e question(s)							
Performance		Highest / lowes	st		elow expected	Positiv	e / negative ti	rend	Other			

- Context: Teacher monitoring progress toward each student's end of year goal after a mid-year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is a student's mid-year performance level at, above, or below the projected mid-year level? Which areas represent the student's highest / lowest levels of performance?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry												
Assessme	ent			uation			Re	esearch				
			Purpose(s) of	required data								
Formativ	Formative Summative Other											
Participants in the study												
Students		Parents	6		Staff			Other				
Type(s) of required data												
Student learning	Demographic	Pe	erception	School pro	cess	Behavior		Other				
		Decisi	on maker of da	ta collection me	ethods							
Teacher		School/Dis	strict	State				Other				
			Frequency	of collection								
Ongoing		Periodi	с	C	One-time			Other				
			Unit level	of analysis								
	Individual					Gro	oup					
			Focus of the	e question(s)								
Performance	Highest /	owest	At / above / bo	elow expected	Positiv	e / negative ti	rend	Other				

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher monitoring progress toward each student's end-of-year goal after a mid-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is a student's mid-year performance level at, above, or below the projected mid-year level? Which areas represent the student's highest/lowest levels of performance?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include the winter iteration of the district's interim assessment. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the assessment calendar.
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column in the assessment calendar.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F)

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher measuring the extent to which a student's end-of-year goal was met after an end-of-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is a student's end-of-year performance level at, above, or below the end-of-year goal value? Is there a positive, negative, or neutral trend in the student's beginning-of-year, mid-year, and end-of-year performance values?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again.

- Context: Teacher measuring the extent to which a student's end of year goal was met after an end-of-year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is a student's end of year performance level at, above, or below the end of year goal value? Is there a positive, negative, or neutral trend in the student's beginning of year, mid year, and end of year performance values?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry									
Assessment				Evaluation			Research		
Purpose(s) of required data									
				mmative Other					
	Participants in the study								
Students	Students		Parents S		Staff			Other	
Type(s) of required data									
Student learning	Demog	Iraphic	Perception	School pro	cess Beha		avior	Other	
	Decision maker of data collection methods								
Teacher Sc		Scho	School/District State		Other		Other		
Frequency of collection									
Ongoing		P	Periodic	One-time		Other			
Unit level of analysis									
Individual					Group				
Focus of the question(s)									
Performance		Highest / lowest	elow expected Positive / negative trend			rend	Other		

- Context: Teacher measuring the extent to which a student's end of year goal was met after an end-of-year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is a student's end of year performance level at, above, or below the end of year goal value? Is there a positive, negative, or neutral trend in the student's beginning of year, mid year, and end of year performance values?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry									
Assessment			Evaluation			Research			
	Purpose(s) of required data								
Formative			Summative			Other			
Participants in the study									
Students	Students		Parents S		Staff		Other		
Type(s) of required data									
Student learning	Demographi	ic Pe	erception	School pro	cess	Behavior		Other	
	Decision maker of data collection methods								
Teacher	Teacher		School/District		State			Other	
Frequency of collection									
Ongoing	Ongoing		с	One-time		Other			
Unit level of analysis									
	Group								
Focus of the question(s)									
Performance	Highe	Highest / lowest At / above / b			elow expected Positive / negative trend			Other	

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher measuring the extent to which a student's end-of-year goal was met after an end-of-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is a student's end-of-year performance level at, above, or below the end-of-year goal value? Is there a positive, negative, or neutral trend in the student's beginning-of-year, mid-year, and end-of-year performance values?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include the spring iteration of the district's interim assessment. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the assessment calendar.
- summative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to evaluate the extent to which each student's end of year goal was met. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column in the assessment calendar.

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Spring data Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F)

Ryan Kelly:

You definitely have the hang of how to build an assessment calendar now. I know you have a lot to do in order to get ready for your students, so in order to be respectful of your time, I have filled in the rest of the assessment calendar for you on the next slide. If you want more practice, you can select the new items, and follow the same process we have been doing to experience the workflow of building the calendar. If you are comfortable with the process, then please continue with your work. We have a busy year ahead of us! Get plenty of rest tonight! No nightmares of showing up in your bunny slippers in front of the students!

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Establish baseline, identify high and low areas, set end of year classroom goal (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Monitor progress toward classroom end of year goal (F) Spring data Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Evaluate extent to which classroom level goal was met (S) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F) Deliver whole group instruction based on the instructional level of the class (F) How does the district use the data? Set school or district academic goal (F) Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S)
NDSA (State Assessment)	All students Grades 3-8, 11	Spring (April)	 How does the district use the data? Set school or district academic goals and objectives based on needs (F) Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S)
ACT	All students Grade 11	Spring	 How does the district use the data? Set school or district academic goals and objectives based on needs (F) Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F) Decide whether a class is ready for the next learning target during whole group instruction (F)
Summative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	At the end of an instructional unit throughout the year	How do teachers use the data? Assign and report grades

Activity - Optional Additional Practice 1

Activity - Optional Additional Practice 1

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher planning whole group instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is the average performance level of students in the class? What is the minimum performance level? What is the maximum performance level?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again.

- **Context:** Teacher planning whole group instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is the average performance level of students in the class? What is the minimum performance level? What is the maximum performance level?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry											
Assess	ment			Evalu	ation			R	esearch		
	Purpose(s) of required data										
Forma	tive				Summative				Other		
				Deuticineute	in the study						
				Participants	in the study						
Students			Parents	;		Staff			Other		
	Type(s) of required data										
Student learning	Demog	graphic	raphic Perception			ocess	Behavior		Other		
			Decisi	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods					
Teacher		S	School/Dis	trict	State				Other		
				Frequency of	of collection						
Ongoing			Periodic	c	(One-time			Other		
				Unit level	of analysis						
	Individual Group										
Focus of the question(s)											
Performance		Highest / lowe	est	At / above / be	pelow expected Positive / negative trend			rend	Other		

- **Context:** Teacher planning whole group instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is the average performance level of students in the class? What is the minimum performance level? What is the maximum performance level?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry										
Assessme	ent		Evalu	Evaluation			Research			
Purpose(s) of required data										
Formative Summative Oth							ther			
			Participants	in the study		I				
Students					Staff			Other		
	Type(s) of required data									
Student learning	Demographic	Pe	erception	School pro	ocess	Behavior		Other		
		Decisi	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods	1				
Teacher		School/Dis	strict	State			Other			
			Frequency	of collection						
Ongoing		Periodi	с	C	One-time			Other		
			Unit level	of analysis						
	Individual Group									
	Focus of the question(s)									
Performance	Highe	t / lowest	At / above / be	pelow expected Positive / negative trend			rend	Other		

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher planning whole group instruction for all students in a classroom at various times throughout the year
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is the average performance level of students in the class? What is the minimum performance level? What is the maximum performance level?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include an assessment in the fall, winter, and spring. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the assessment calendar.
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to deliver whole group instruction based on the instructional level of the class. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column in the assessment calendar.

Assessment Calendar

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Spring data Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F) Deliver whole group instruction based on the instructional level of the class (F)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F)

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher deciding whether a class is ready to proceed to the next learning target during delivery of whole group instruction at various times throughout the year
- **Assessment name:** Various classroom formative assessments
- **Question(s):** Does the class know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again.

- Context: Teacher deciding whether a class is ready to proceed to the next learning target during delivery of whole group instruction at various times throughout the year
- Assessment name: Various classroom formative assessments
- Question(s): Does the class know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry										
Assessn	nent				uation			Research		
	Purpose(s) of required data									
				Purpose(s) of	required data					
Format	Formative Su								Other	
				Participants	in the study					
Students			Parents	3		Staff			Other	
	Type(s) of required data									
Student learning	Demog	Iraphic	Pe	erception	School pro	ocess	Behavior		Other	
			Decisio	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods				
Teacher		S	School/Dis	trict	State				Other	
				Frequency	of collection					
Ongoing			Periodic	•	(One-time			Other	
	Unit level of analysis									
	Individual Group									
	Focus of the question(s)									
Performance		Highest / lowe	est	At / above / b	pelow expected Positive / negative trend			rend	Other	

- **Context:** Teacher deciding whether a class is ready to proceed to the next learning target during delivery of whole group instruction at various times throughout the year
- Assessment name: Various classroom formative assessments
- Question(s): Does the class know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson?

			Type(a) of diag	inlined inquint					
			Type(s) of disc	apined inquiry					
Assessme	nt		Evalu	Evaluation R				esearch	
	Purpose(s) of required data								
Formative	e		Sumn	native				Other	
			Participants	in the study		1			
Students Parents			3		Staff			Other	
			-						
Type(s) of required data									
Student learning	Demographic	Pe	erception	School pro	ocess	Behavior		Other	
		Decisi	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods				
Teacher		School/Dis	strict	State			Other		
	I			· · · · ·					
			Frequency of	of collection					
Ongoing		Periodi	С	C	One-time		Other		
			Unit level of	of analysis					
Individual Group									
	Focus of the question(s)								
Performance	Highest /	owest		Positive / negative tre			rend	Other	

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher deciding whether a class is ready to proceed to the next learning target during delivery of whole group instruction at various times throughout the year
- **Assessment name:** Various classroom formative assessments
- **Question(s):** Does the class know what needs to be known relevant to the current lesson?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- ongoing as the frequency of data collection, which will include multiple assessments before or during an instructional unit throughout the year. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the calendar
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to decide whether a class is ready for the next learning target during whole group instruction. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column.

Assessment Calendar

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Spring data Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F) Deliver whole group instruction based on the instructional level of the class (F)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F) Decide whether a class is ready for the next learning target during whole group instruction (F)

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher setting an end-of-year classroom level goal after a beginning-of-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is the average performance level of students in the class? Which areas represent the highest and lowest levels of performance?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again.

- **Context:** Teacher setting an end of year classroom level goal after a beginning of year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is the average performance level of students in the class? Which areas represent the highest and lowest levels of performance?

				Type(s) of disc	iplined inquiry	,				
Assessi	ment			Evalu	Evaluation			R	Research	
	Purpose(s) of required data									
Forma	Sumn	native				Other				
				Participants	in the study					
Students		Parents				Staff			Other	
	Type(s) of required data									
Student learning	Demog	jraphic	Pe	erception	School pro	ocess	Behavior		Other	
			Decisio	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods				
Teacher		S	School/Dis	trict	State			Other		
				Frequency of	of collection					
Ongoing			Periodic	;	(One-time			Other	
	Unit level of analysis									
	Individual Group									
	Focus of the question(s)									
Performance		Highest / lowe	est	At / above / be	Positive / negative tre			rend	end Other	

- **Context:** Teacher setting an end of year classroom level goal after a beginning of year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): What is the average performance level of students in the class? Which areas represent the highest and lowest levels of performance?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry									
Assessme	ent		Evalu	Evaluation			Res	earch	
	Purpose(s) of required data								
Formative Summative Other							her		
			Participants	in the study					
Students	Students Parents				Staff			Other	
Type(s) of required data									
Student learning	Demographic	Per	rception	School pro	ocess	Behavior		Other	
		Decisio	on maker of dat	a collection m	ethods				
Teacher		School/Distr	rict	State			Other		
			Frequency o	of collection					
Ongoing		Periodic		C	One-time			Other	
			Unit level o	of analysis					
	Individual Group								
	Focus of the question(s)								
Performance	Highest / lo	west	At / above / be	elow expected Positive / negative tre			rend	d Other	

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher setting an end-of-year classroom level goal after a beginning-of-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** What is the average performance level of students in the class? Which areas represent the highest and lowest levels of performance?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include the fall iteration of the district's interim assessment. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the calendar
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to establish a baseline, identify high and low areas, and set an end-of-year classroom level goal. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column.

Assessment Calendar

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Establish baseline, identify high and low areas, set end of year classroom goal (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Spring data Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F) Deliver whole group instruction based on the instructional level of the class (F)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F) Decide whether a class is ready for the next learning target during whole group instruction (F)

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher monitoring progress of a classroom toward an end-of-year goal after a mid-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is the classroom mid-year performance level at/above/below the expected level? Which areas represent the classroom's highest/lowest levels of performance?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again.

- Context: Teacher monitoring progress of a classroom toward an end of year goal after a mid-year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is the classroom mid-year performance level at / above / below the expected level? Which areas represent the classroom's highest/lowest levels of performance?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry									
			Type(s) of disc	ipinea inquiry					
Assessme	ent		Evalu	Evaluation			Re	Research	
			Purpose(s) of	required data					
Formative Summative Other							Other		
			Participants	in the study					
Students	dents Parents				Staff			Other	
Type(s) of required data									
Student learning	Demogra	aphic	Perception	School pro	ocess	Behavior		Other	
		D	ecision maker of da	ta collection m	ethods				
Teacher		Scho	ol/District	State			Other		
	I		_						
			Frequency	of collection					
Ongoing		Pe	eriodic	C	One-time		Other		
	I								
			Unit level	of analysis					
	Individual Group								
			Focus of the	question(s)					
Performance	Hig	ghest / lowest	At / above / be	elow expected Positive / negative tre			rend	Other	

- Context: Teacher monitoring progress of a classroom toward an end of year goal after a mid-year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- **Question(s):** Is the classroom mid-year performance level at / above / below the expected level? Which areas represent the classroom's highest/lowest levels of performance?

L										
	Type(s) of disciplined inquiry									
Assessm	ient		Evalu	Evaluation			Rese	Research		
	Purpose(s) of required data									
E a marceli	Formative Other									
Formati	ve		Sumn	native			Ot	ner		
			Participants	in the study						
Students	Students Parents				Staff			Other		
			— () –	· · · · ·						
Type(s) of required data										
Student learning	Demogra	aphic	Perception	School pro	cess	Behavior		Other		
		De	ecision maker of da	ta collection m	ethods					
Teacher		Schoo	ol/District	State				Other		
			Frequency of	of collection						
Ongoing		Pe	riodic	C	One-time			Other		
			Unit level o	of analysis						
	Individual Group									
	Focus of the question(s)									
Performance	Hiç	ghest / lowest	At / above / be	/e / below expected Positive / negative tr			rend	Other		

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher monitoring progress of a classroom toward an end-of-year goal after a mid-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): Is the classroom mid-year performance level at/above/below the expected level? Which areas represent the classroom's highest/lowest levels of performance?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include the winter iteration of the district's interim assessment. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the calendar
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to monitor progress toward a classroom level end-of-year goal. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column.

Assessment Calendar

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Establish baseline, identify high and low areas, set end of year classroom goal (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Monitor progress toward classroom end of year goal (F) Spring data Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F) Deliver whole group instruction based on the instructional level of the class (F)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F) Decide whether a class is ready for the next learning target during whole group instruction (F)

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher evaluating the extent to which an end-of-year classroom level goal was met after an end-of-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): Is the end-of-year classroom level performance at, above, or below the end-of-year goal value?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again.

- Context: Teacher evaluating the extent to which an end of year classroom level goal was met after an end-of-year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): Is the end of year classroom level performance at, above, or below the end of year goal value?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry										
Assessment Evalu					luation			Re	Research	
Purpose(s) of required data										
Formative Summative Other								Other		
				Participants	in the study					
Students			Parents	;		Staff			Other	
				Type(s) of re	equired data					
Student learning	Demog	nographic Perception			School pro	ocess	Behavior		Other	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Decisio	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods	<u>.</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Teacher School/District				trict	State				Other	
Frequency of collection										
Ongoing Periodic				;	One-time				Other	
Unit level of analysis										
Individual Group										
Focus of the question(s)										
Performance	ce Highest / lowest At / above / b				elow expected Positive / negative trend			rend	Other	

- Context: Teacher evaluating the extent to which an end of year classroom level goal was met after an end-of-year benchmark assessment
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): Is the end of year classroom level performance at, above, or below the end of year goal value?

		Type(s) of	disciplined inquiry						
Assessm	ent	E	aluation			Research			
Purpose(s) of required data									
Formativ	ve	5	ummative	nmative Otl					
		Participa	ints in the study						
Students	Parents		Staff		Other				
Type(s) of required data									
Obudant la amina	Demosraphia								
Student learning	Demographic	Perception	School pro	nool process Behavi		Other			
	Decision maker of data collection methods								
Teacher		School/District		State	Other				
Frequency of collection									
O		-	-			0//			
Ongoing		Periodic One-time			Other				
Unit level of analysis									
Individual Group									
			f the question(s)						
Performance	Highest / Io	west At / above	/ below expected	Positive / negati	ve trend	Other			

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher evaluating the extent to which an end-of-year classroom level goal was met after an end-of-year benchmark assessment
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): Is the end-of-year classroom level performance at, above, or below the end-of-year goal value?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- periodic as the frequency of data collection, which will include the spring iteration of the district's interim assessment. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the calendar
- summative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to evaluate the extent to which a classroom level end-of-year goal was met. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column.

Assessment Calendar

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Establish baseline, identify high and low areas, set end of year classroom goal (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Monitor progress toward classroom end of year goal (F) Spring data Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Evaluate extent to which classroom level goal was met (S) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F) Deliver whole group instruction based on the instructional level of the class (F)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F) Decide whether a class is ready for the next learning target during whole group instruction (F)

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Data team evaluating the extent to which a school or district academic goal and objectives were met at the end of the year
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb); state assessment; ACT
- **Question(s):** Is the end-of-year school or district level performance at, above, or below the goal level of performance? Is the performance trend positive, negative, or neutral?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again.

- Context: Data team evaluating the extent to which a school or district academic goal and objectives were met at the end of the year
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb); NDSA; ACT
- **Question(s):** Is the end of year school or district level of performance at, above, or below the goal level of performance? Is the performance trend positive, negative, or neutral?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry										
Assessment					Evaluation			Research		
Purpose(s) of required data										
Formative					Summative			Other		
				Participants	in the study					
Students			Parents Staff			Staff			Other	
Type(s) of required data										
Student learning	Demog	graphic	Pe	erception	School pro	ocess	Behavior		Other	
		,	Decisi	on maker of da	ta collection m	ethods	<u>.</u>		1	
									• "	
Teacher			School/Dis	trict		State	Other		Other	
	Frequency of collection									
Ongoing			Periodic		One-time		Other			
Unit level of analysis										
		Group								
Focus of the question(s)										
Performance					Positive / negative trend			rend	Other	

- Context: Data team evaluating the extent to which a school or district academic goal and objectives were met at the end of the year
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb); NDSA; ACT
- **Question(s):** Is the end of year school or district level of performance at, above, or below the goal level of performance? Is the performance trend positive, negative, or neutral?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry									
Assessme	Evaluation			Research					
	Purpose(s) of required data								
Formative				Summative			Other		
	Participants in the study								
Students	Students Parent			nts Staff			Other		
	Type(s) of required data								
Student learning	Demographic	graphic Perception			cess	Behavior		Other	
	Decision maker of data collection methods								
Teacher	Teacher Scho				State		Other		
			Frequency	of collection					
Ongoing	Ongoing			One-time		Other			
Unit level of analysis									
Individual Group									
Focus of the question(s)									
Performance	Highest / lowest At / above / b			pelow expected Positive / negative trend			rend	Other	

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Data team evaluating the extent to which a school or district academic goal and objectives were met at the end of the year
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb); state assessment; ACT
- **Question(s):** Is the end-of-year school or district level performance at, above, or below the goal level of performance? Is the performance trend positive, negative, or neutral?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- periodic and one-time as the frequency of data collection, which will include the spring iteration of the district's interim assessment, the annual state assessment in the spring, and the ACT in the spring. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the calendar
- summative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to evaluate the extent to which the district's academic goals and objectives were met. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column.

Assessment Calendar

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Establish baseline, identify high and low areas, set end of year classroom goal (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Monitor progress toward classroom end of year goal (F) Spring data Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Evaluate extent to which classroom level goal was met (S) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F) Deliver whole group instruction based on the instructional level of the class (F) How does the district use the data? Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S)
NDSA (State Assessment)	All students Grades 3-8, 11	Spring (April)	 How does the district use the data? Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S)
ACT	All students Grade 11	Spring	 How does the district use the data? Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F) Decide whether a class is ready for the next learning target during whole group instruction (F)

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Data team setting an academic goal and objectives at the end of the year based on needs identified through student learning data
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb); state assessment; ACT
- Question(s): Which areas are at, above, or below the expected level of performance? Which areas represent the highest and lowest levels of performance? Which areas indicate a positive/negative/neutral trend? Between which subgroups is the achievement gap closing / becoming greater?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again.

- Context: Data team setting an academic goal and objectives at the end of the year based on needs identified through student learning data
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): Which areas are at, above, and below the expected level of performance? Which areas represent the highest and lowest levels of performance? Which areas indicate a positive / negative / neutral trend? Between which subgroups is the achievement gap closing / becoming greater?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry										
Assessment				Evaluation			Research			
Purpose(s) of required data										
Formative				Summative				Other		
Participants in the study										
Students			Parents	;	Staff			Other		
Type(s) of required data										
Student learning	learning Demographic Perceptio			rception	School pro	ocess	Behavior		Other	
	Decision maker of data collection methods									
Teacher	Teacher			trict	State			Other		
				Frequency	of collection					
Ongoing	Ongoing				One-time			Other		
Unit level of analysis										
Individual Group										
Focus of the question(s)										
Performance	Performance Highest / lowest At / above /				elow expected	Positive / nega	Positive / negative trend Other			

- Context: Data team setting an academic goal and objectives at the end of the year based on needs identified through student learning data
- Assessment name: District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)
- Question(s): Which areas are at, above, and below the expected level of performance? Which areas represent the highest and lowest levels of performance? Which areas indicate a positive / negative / neutral trend? Between which subgroups is the achievement gap closing / becoming greater?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry										
Assessr	Assessment Eval							Re	Research	
Purpose(s) of required data										
Formative Other Other										
Participants in the study										
Students									Other	
Type(s) of required data										
Student learning	Demog	ographic Perception			School pro	ocess	Beha	avior	Other	
	Decision maker of data collection methods									
Teacher		S	School/Dist	trict	State				Other	
				Frequency of	of collection					
Ongoing			Periodic	;	One-time				Other	
	Unit level of analysis									
Individual Group										
Focus of the question(s)										
Performance	At / above / be					Other				

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Data team setting an academic goal and objectives at the end of the year based on needs identified through student learning data
- **Assessment name:** District interim (e.g., NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb); state assessment; ACT
- Question(s): Which areas are at, above, or below the expected level of performance? Which areas represent the highest and lowest levels of performance? Which areas indicate a positive/negative/neutral trend? Between which subgroups is the achievement gap closing / becoming greater?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- periodic and one-time as the frequency of data collection, which will include the spring iteration of the district's interim assessment, the annual state assessment in the spring, and the ACT in the spring. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column.
- formative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to set school or district academic goals and objectives based on needs. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column.

Assessment Calendar

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Establish baseline, identify high and low areas, set end of year classroom goal (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Monitor progress toward classroom end of year goal (F) Spring data Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Evaluate extent to which classroom level goal was met (S) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F) Deliver whole group instruction based on the instructional level of the class (F) How does the district use the data? Set school or district academic goal (F) Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S)
NDSA (State Assessment)	All students Grades 3-8, 11	Spring (April)	 How does the district use the data? Set school or district academic goals and objectives based on needs (F) Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S)
ACT	All students Grade 11	Spring	 How does the district use the data? Set school or district academic goals and objectives based on needs (F) Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S)
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F)
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F)
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F) Decide whether a class is ready for the next learning target during whole group instruction (F)

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher evaluating extent to which a student knows what needs to be known at the end of an instructional unit
- Assessment name: Unit test
- **Question(s):** Is a student's level of performance at, above, or below the mastery level of performance on an end of unit exam?

Ryan Kelly:

Let's walk through the types of disciplined inquiry and select the response for each of the 8 considerations based on the scenario again.

- Context: Teacher evaluating extent to which a student knows what needs to be know at the end of an instructional unit
- Assessment name: Unit test
- Question(s): Is a student's level of performance at, above, or below the mastery level of performance on an end of unit exam?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry										
Assessment E					uation			F	Research	
Purpose(s) of required data										
Formative Summative Other										
	Participants in the study									
Students				;		Staff			Other	
Type(s) of required data										
Student learning Demographic Perception School process						Behav	havior Other			
	Decision maker of data collection methods									
Teacher S				trict	State			Other		
	Frequency of collection									
Ongoing				;	One-time			Other		
Unit level of analysis										
Individual Group										
Focus of the question(s)										
Performance Highest / lowest At / above / b				elow expected	Positive / n	Positive / negative trend Other				

- Context: Teacher evaluating extent to which a student knows what needs to be know at the end of an instructional unit
- Assessment name: Unit test
- Question(s): Is a student's level of performance at, above, or below the mastery level of performance on an end of unit exam?

Type(s) of disciplined inquiry											
Assessment Evaluation Research											
Purpose(s) of required data											
Formative Summative Other											
	Participants in the study										
Students		Parents		Staff		Other					
Type(s) of required data											
Student learning	Demographic	Percepti	on School pro	ocess Beh	avior	Other					
Decision maker of data collection methods											
Teacher		School/District		State		Other					
	Frequency of collection										
Ongoing		Periodic		One-time	Other						
Unit level of analysis											
Individual Group											
Focus of the question(s)											
Performance	Highest / lo	west At /	above / below expected	Positive / negative t	rend	Other					

Instructions: Select the scope of study elements relevant to the contextual need for data use, assessment name, and question(s)

- **Context:** Teacher evaluating extent to which a student knows what needs to be known at the end of an instructional unit
- Assessment name: Unit test
- **Question(s):** Is a student's level of performance at, above, or below the mastery level of performance on an end of unit exam?

Ryan Kelly:

For this scenario, we'd select...

- one-time as the frequency of data collection, which will occur at the end of an instructional unit. This will be added to the "When are students assessed?" column in the assessment calendar.
- summative as the purpose of the data, which will be used to assign and report grades. This will be added to the "How are the assessment results used?" column in the assessment calendar.

Assessment Calendar

What is the assessment?	Which students are assessed?	When are students assessed?	How are the assessment results used? (F = Formative, S = Summative)			
District interim (e.g. NWEA MAP, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	All students Grades K-12	Fall (September) Winter (January) Spring (April)	 How do teachers use the data? Fall data Universal screening (F) Establish baseline, identify high/low areas, set end of year goal w/ each student (F) Establish baseline, identify high and low areas, set end of year classroom goal (F) Winter data Universal screening (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Monitor progress toward each student's end of year goal (F) Spring data Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Evaluate extent to which each student's end of year goal was met (S) Evaluate extent to which classroom level goal was met (S) Most recent data throughout the year Differentiate instruction for students based on each student's performance level (F) Deliver whole group instruction based on the instructional level of the class (F) How does the district use the data? Set school or district academic goal (F) Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S) 			
NDSA (State Assessment)	All students Grades 3-8, 11	Spring (April)	 How does the district use the data? Set school or district academic goals and objectives based on needs (F) Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S) 			
ACT	All students Grade 11	Spring	 How does the district use the data? Set school or district academic goals and objectives based on needs (F) Evaluate extent to which district academic goals and objectives were met (S) 			
General Outcome Measure (e.g. easyCBM, Renaissance Star, aimsweb)	At-risk students Grades K-12	Up to weekly	 How do teachers use the data? Establish baseline, set end of year goal, and monitor progress toward goal (F) 			
Diagnostic (e.g.)	At-risk students Grades K-12	After at-risk status confirmed	 How do teachers use the data? Identify strengths and skill deficits to guide instruction for at-risk students (F) 			
Formative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	Before or during an instructional unit throughout the year	 How do teachers use the data? Differentiate instruction based on student knowledge relevant to learning targets (F) Decide whether a class is ready for the next learning target during whole group instruction (F) 			
Summative classroom assessments	All students Grades K-12	At the end of an instructional unit throughout the year	How do teachers use the data? Assign and report grades 			

Teacher Thought

Now that I understand the purpose of the data and how to apply it I recognize the importance of the assessment calendar because it helps me plan when I can apply the knowledge I gain from data! This helps me personalize instruction to meet my students needs.

Indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree

	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree
This module part increased my knowledge of how the Educational Data Use Scope of Study framework may be used to build a balanced assessment calendar				

Well Done

You have completed this module part. You can begin the next lesson when you are ready.